

the Nuclear Resister

NEWSLETTER
OF
THE

National No-Nukes Prison Support Collective

INFORMATION ABOUT AND SUPPORT FOR JAILED AND IMPRISONED ANTI-NUCLEAR ACTIVISTS

No. 43

December 12, 1986

ANTI-NUKE FAST ENTERS 81ST DAY

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against other nations as a foreign policy option, and 3) pursuing an effort to get other nations to join in these commitments, the physicist believes his death will not be in vain.

Hyder writes, "I think of myself as a pebble that has cut itself loose at the top of a critically-loaded peace avalanche chute. I believe that I will succeed in starting that peace avalanche, in death if not in life. Thus, I have put my life in the hands of the people of the United States with love. We all need help; won't you join our effort?"

Hyder began his fast on September 23 after coming to the conclusion that all other nonviolent options have been utilized. When the Fast for Life in 1983 ended, the "stone remained unturned", and Hyder believed it needed turning.

Concerning the morality of terminal fasting, Hyder asks, "If it is immoral to risk one's own life by fasting as a profound protest against the growing threat of worldwide nuclear holocaust, is it moral to risk that same life in order to kill helpless, innocent and disenfranchised civilians in war?...What is moral about doing nothing while the growing, immutable threat moves ever-closer to becoming a reality?"

Among those who have fasted for a day or more in support of Hyder's goals are 21 physics faculty members of major universities, who fasted on November 14. Although not all agree with Hyder's tactic, they fasted in support of the desire they share for nuclear disarmament.

Dr. Hyder worked for NASA for many years before becoming one of the most

outspoken scientists opposing the Nuclear Waste Isolation Pilot Project in New Mexico. He has been a consultant to the West German government on radioactive waste storage and served as a visiting scientist at the National Center for Atmospheric Research in Boulder before giving away all his possessions and devoting his life to working for peace in 1984.

Hyder has survived since September 23 because he weighed over 300 pounds when his fast began, and he now keeps over-dressed to conserve body heat, drinks water at near-body temperature, and sleeps whenever he feels the need.

Hyder needs support in getting word of his fast out to national media and local media across the country. For more information, please contact Dr. Charles Hyder c/o the White House Anti-nuclear Vigil; P.O. Box 27217; Washington, D.C. 20038; (703)370-6260.

Four Remain in Jail Leafletting Continues

While four women sit in jail, the vigil and leafletting campaign they participated in at Wurtsmith Air Force Base, near Oscoda, Michigan, continues. On November 9, Maurice Clevering, Harold Epting, Fr. Cam Janas and John Martus were arrested for leafletting at Wurtsmith. All were released later in the day. Epting received a ban and bar letter and the other three men will be arraigned December 10 on charges of re-entry. Joining them in court for that arraignment will be Sr. Jean Reimer, who was arrested for re-entry on October 12.

John Zentner was sentenced November 5 to ten days in jail, suspended, for his previous re-entry at Wurtsmith.

Beginning November 28, Sr. Ardeth Platte, one of the four women in jail, began a fast in protest of U.S. violation of the SALT II limits on nuclear warheads. While serving her 28 week sentence at a federal prison in Fort Worth, Texas, Platte learned that the 131st cruise-equipped B-52 bomber, the one that violated the accord, is stationed not far from her prison cell, at Carswell Air Force Base. She is expected to end her fast on Christmas. Sr. Liz Walters, another of the imprisoned women, began a support fast on December 5.

For the prison addresses of Platte, Walters, Joan McCoy and Carol Gilbert, please see page 3. For more information, please contact the Home for Peace and Justice; 1 Northlawn Ct.; Saginaw, MI 48602.

NEXT ISSUE

DEADLINE: January 27

PRINTING: January 30

Please help us keep our phone bill down by mailing action reports, updates, jail information, statements and clippings by January 21, or calling (602) 323-8697. Thanks!



JOHN EADEN 1984 NEW ZEALAND V.A.A.N.A. ©

INTERNATIONAL NOTES

[We keep a file labeled "International Notes", about anti-nuclear civil disobedience in other countries. When we have room, we draw from these reports on campaigns abroad to remind us that the resistance is global, and the practice of civil disobedience and nonviolent direct action in other countries can offer lessons and inspiration for the resistance movement here. Lately, this file is overflowing.]

From Australia, there is news of several actions since last summer. In August, while Secretary of State Shultz and Australian Foreign Minister Hayden met in San Francisco to renegotiate the ANZUS pact without anti-nuclear New Zealand, two U.S. warships paid "good will" visits to Brisbane. Two small boats and three surfboards intending to block the ship were easy targets for the sailors' high-pressure water cannons. Seven people were later arrested blocking the buses carrying the sailors into town.

On the same September day that the British nuclear-powered aircraft carrier HMS Illustrious entered the Brisbane harbor, six women were jailed for 14 days for contempt. In court for a previous boat blockade, Ros Mills was led away when instead of entering a plea she charged the court with complicity in preparation for nuclear war and the denial of hope for humanity. As she was later brought back into court, a codefendant and four other women began singing Peggy Seeger's "Tomorrow", resulting in an immediate sentence to jail for contempt.

Over the next three days, nine people were arrested on the water blocking the British ship. One boat was

sunk by police, and the Illustrious was later brought to a halt by police boats who otherwise could not apprehend surfing activist Ian Cohen. Cohen had caught the bow of the ship "like catching a wave", and travelled several hundred meters before the carrier was brought to a halt.

Then on October 19, twelve Christians occupied part of the Cabarlah Army Base, where the U.S. operates a specialty antenna system to intercept high frequency radio and satellite communications across the Indian and Pacific Oceans. This facility contributes to U.S. first-strike policy by helping track and target Soviet missile-carrying submarines and ships.

The twelve created within the antenna complex a "home for the human family". Before the banner backdrop of a house, a clothesline was hung, seeds, garden tools and plants assembled, and chairs plopped down before a TV pasted over with a news flash announcing the closure of all nuclear bases. Once evicted, three of the group returned to their new home and were arrested for trespass.

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In Germany, Americans are becoming more involved in the protest and resistance at the U.S. Army Air Base at Mutlangen, where Pershing II missiles are deployed. Trident II Plowshares acti-

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continued on page 5

Resistance Reflections

Felice & Jack Cohen-Joppa

As we survey from this vantage point the wide diversity of tactics employed by resisters under the heading of non-violent direct action, Gandhi's phrase "experiments in truth" becomes a helpful description to remember.

Healthy and sometimes divisive differences persist about just what sort of protest is or is not nonviolent. Differing perceptions of what constitutes effectiveness are often tightly bound with the question of "Is this action non-violent?" For some, effectiveness is revealed to the extent the nonviolent actions seek the conversion of an opponent and reconciliation of differences. Others gauge effectiveness by the degree to which the action disrupts the business of warring without physically injuring the people involved. And for perhaps most of us, the questions are much more complex and easy answers hard to come by.

"Experiments" yield worthwhile knowledge to help answer these questions only when the experiments--our nonviolent actions--are the subject of constant evaluation and critical questioning.

In this regard, recently released Pershing Plowshares activist Patrick O'Neill brought a series of questions concerning Plowshares actions to the Atlantic Life Community for consideration. These are reprinted from Year One at right. Also undergoing evaluation is the role of backcountry actions at the Nevada Test Site. These actions, which seek by human presence at ground zero to interrupt nuclear testing, have been criticized on two points similar to those O'Neill raises regarding the Plowshares actions. 1) Are the real risks of injury, death or accidental radiation exposure at a "live" nuclear test warranted for the effect of temporarily delaying a nuclear test? and 2) Does the secrecy required to carry out the action detract from its nonviolent character?

While organizing hundreds of high school and college students to participate in protests for the first time, the No Business as Usual action network has been criticized if not ignored by much

of the peace movement. Their rhetoric, including the slogan "Stop World War III, No Matter What it Takes", plus the network's failure to adopt a clear statement on nonviolence, does little to encourage broader movement support. It also does little to discourage the police violence that organizers clearly anticipate at some NBAU actions.

The debate over tactics and definitions of nonviolence came up recently in Minneapolis, where some members of the Honeywell Project were troubled by the Project's core group endorsing a local War Chest Tour. Organized by local anarchists, the War Chest Tour was a "flamboyant, raucous, often theatrical" roaming protest through the city streets. Stops along the way demonstrated the anarchists' total critique of modern society, which stresses a connection between issues that the Honeywell Project is in philosophical agreement with. However, in the tactical approach taken by the anarchists, some Honeywell Project members were offended by what their own nonviolent guidelines would consider verbal violence (some participants called police "pigs" and shouted obscenities at the Federal Building).

Responding to these concerns in the Honeywell Project's November newsletter, the five core group members wrote: "...It's vital to remember that regardless of the differences we may have with others in the peace movement, we really are all in this together. The bulk of the people in our society don't seem to care. Our survival depends upon building working relationships with a wide variety of people--certainly those who already share our concerns and are active in the movement".

And so the experiments continue.

Our work with the Nuclear Resister is to bring the stories of all of these diverse experiments in truth together in one place, so that their lessons are available for the whole movement to share.

More Reflections

QUESTIONS WE NEED TO WALK WITH...
from Patrick O'Neill

These are some of the questions Patrick brought to the Atlantic Life Community Retreat over Labor Day and to the Southern Life Community gathering at the beginning of October. We share them here because they are the sort of questions Rilke was referring to when he wrote: "Live the questions now, and someday, without even knowing it, you may live into the answers".

What responsibility to we have to "seriously" critique our actions?

Plowshares: are they the only type of resistance?

Acts 5 tells us to "rejoice in suffering". Why then would/do people fight for lighter sentences and/or release?

How can support of activists in prison be improved? Is it weak?

Why is it that a few people in the Atlantic Life Community have done two or more plowshares actions while so many have done none? Do they have compelling reasons for not doing this type of action? Should those reasons be shared with all--as clarifying the hope and/or clarity of the actions?

By being covert in these actions, do we limit God's role?

Do we have a responsibility to be as effectively truthful as we can? (effectiveness vs. faithfulness)

Symbolic action vs. maximizing the damage: can the physical act precede the spiritual, internal act of disarmament?

Should "live" nuclear sites be ruled out for plowshares?

Are we neglecting the mental health needs of folks involved in participating in and supporting plowshares actions?

Are there a few strong-willed "leaders" pressuring others into plowshares actions? If so, what can be done about that?

[reprinted from Year One]

Joyous Solstice

Happy Hanukkah



photo by Ken Seaman

Emma, Felice, Jack + Cassidy

Merry Christmas

A Peaceful New Year

THANKS

THANKS go to more than 50 readers whose generous response filled the envelopes included with the last issue, and helped us have this issue out on time. Many of you also used the envelope to renew your subscription, which also helps our work continue. We will continue to include this inexpensive reminder when we can, with the understanding that you will recycle the envelope if you do not return it to us with a letter, action report or other donation.

Thanks to Kevin for helping with the lay-out for this issue. If you live in Tucson, or even Phoenix, we'd love your help--drop us a note!

KEEP US INFORMED!!

ACTION & JAIL REPORT FORMS are available on request. These open-ended, self-explanatory forms give us the basic information we need to report on an action. The quality of our coverage of a particular action or campaign is entirely dependent upon the volume and quality of information provided by our readers. You can help us by using these forms as a guide.

Unless otherwise noted, the views expressed on these pages are those of the author and not of the Nuclear Resister or the National No-Nukes Prison Support Collective.

Selected articles from the Nuclear Resister are available on 4-track cassette in Freedom News International, a quarterly review produced by Our Right to Know Braille Press, Inc., 640 Bayview, Detroit, MI 48217, (313) 842-1804. The review contains articles about freedom struggles around the world chosen from a wide variety of radical and minority publications from many different countries.

Karen Silkwood Remembered

Twelve years ago, nuclear industry worker and whistleblower Karen Silkwood died when her car was forced off the road and crashed. She had been on her way to meet with a New York Times reporter to expose negligent safety practices at the Kerr-McGee plutonium fuel rod plant in Crescent, Oklahoma. Papers documenting falsified records at the plant mysteriously disappeared from the wrecked auto.

The anniversary of her death was commemorated in a small gathering on

CANADIAN WAR DEPARTMENT BLOCKADE

For the second year in a row, the Canadian War Department in Ottawa (Department of National Defense) was the site of a November blockade. This year protesters called for an end to United States military testing in Canada, in particular cruise missile testing and other weapons testing at Nanossee Bay and Goose Bay, and condemned the impending genocide of the Innu natives of Labrador, who must be moved to make way for a NATO test range there.

Leaflets were passed out in the morning as workers arrived. Then several people poured blood on the door and pillars at the main entrance. All of the buildings' entrances were then blocked, and by day's end 58 people had been arrested, charged with causing a disturbance and mischief to property, and then released. Arraignments are scheduled for early December.

Twenty-three people convicted following the 1985 action at the Canadian War Department will face further penalties after December 15 for not paying a \$25 fine.

For more information, contact the Alliance for Nonviolent Action; 9 Melbourne Ave.; Toronto, Ont.; M6K 1K1 Canada.

SUPPORT COMMUNITY NEEDS

Many imprisoned nuclear resisters call home a hospitality house, soup kitchen or other community that lives simply and provides personal social services to those people discarded and ignored by our dominant culture. In the absence of key members, these communities are often in need of financial support and/or new temporary or permanent community members to continue providing the service they do. If you are able to help by donating your time, talents or money, please do so.

Currently, Richard Miller's home, the Kindred Community (1337 6th Ave.; Des Moines, IA 50314) is in need of short-term help and long-term members. [Eds. note: Please let us know when your own community is in need of extra support due to the imprisonment of members, so we can alert our readers.]

Peacemaker Sharing Fund

The Peacemaker Sharing Fund is meant to serve people in prison for acts of nonviolent resistance, for those contemplating such actions, and for activists whose everyday activities of nonviolent resistance may have targeted them for government repression; and for the families of all such resisters.

The Peacemaker Sharing Fund functioned through the fifties and the Vietnam era to furnish subsistence support to draft resisters primarily, and to their families. Although the Fund's recent payment was in relation to draft resistance, nuclear resistance is presently the most in need of support.

To make donations, or for inquiries about withdrawals, contact Louella Wooley; Box 650; Beech Grove, AR 72412.

November 13 at the gates of the Seabrook nuclear power plant, on the New Hampshire coast. Seven women were arrested as they blocked the road leading into the plant. Five gave their names as Karen Silkwood and were held overnight before identifying themselves and being released. The other two had given their true names and were released shortly after their arrest.

Seven people arrested at Seabrook earlier this year were acquitted in early December when the prosecution failed to establish that individual protesters had been told to move or face arrest.

For more information, contact the New Hampshire Clamshell Alliance; Box 877; Hampton, NH 03482; (603)926-2686.

VANDENBERG VIGILERS ARRESTED

About 20 people gathered again at Vandenberg Village, California on December 7, for a Quaker worship service. The group then walked about one mile along the public roadway which passes through the Vandenberg Air Force Base. At a certain point, the group met base security guards who informed them that if they proceeded further, they would be arrested for trespass. Seven people continued the march and were arrested.

Three were released with ban and bar letters, while Marilyn Fahrner, Nancy Lynch, Jason Schwartz and Ned Van Valkenburgh were cited for re-entry trespass. As happened last August to people arrested at the site, arraign-

The Rancho Seco nuclear power plant outside Sacramento, California, a twin to the Three Mile Island reactors, is considered by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to be one of the five most dangerous operating reactors in the country.

On August 11, as part of a renewed campaign to shut down the dangerous reactor, 22 people were arrested inside the offices of Sacramento Municipal Utilities District, operators of the plant. The protesters, aged 12 to 66, were taken to jail and later released without being charged when their refusal to give their names and cite out coincided with a sheriff's sick-out.

For more information, contact the Abalone Alliance; 2490 16th St.; Rm. 310; San Francisco, CA 94103; (415)861-0592.

ment has been set at a location inside the base. Such an arrangement would subject those previously barred from the base (about 75 in the last two years) to arrest if they tried to attend the hearing in support of those being arraigned.

As with the case in August, motions are being filed for a court order restraining the base from such actions. In the August case, the controversy led federal prosecutors to drop the charges.

For more information, contact Ned Van Valkenburgh of the Santa Cruz Quaker Meeting, (408)427-2399.

Remember to send holiday greetings to these men and women in prison!

Inside & Out

THE WOMEN AND MEN LISTED BELOW ARE, AT PRESS TIME, IMPRISONED FOR ACTS OF RESISTANCE TO A NUCLEAR NON-FUTURE. FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT THE NUCLEAR RESISTER, P.O. BOX 43383, TUCSON, AZ 85733.



Jerry Berrigan, Fr. Bill Cuddy, John Mahoney and Kathleen Rumpf
c/o 106 Maywood Dr., Syracuse, NY 13205.
(Griffiss AFB trespass, 8/6/86 - 20 and 30 days - all out by 12/31)

Sr. Carol Gilbert 10856-039
FCI Cottage 12, P.O. Box A, Alderson, WV 24910
(18 weeks - out 2/18/87)
Joan McCoy 10858-039
FCI Women's Unit; 3301 Leestown Rd., Lexington, KY 40511-8799.
(12 weeks - out 1/5/87)
Sr. Ardeth Platte 10857-039
FCI Box 39, 3150 Horton Rd., Ft. Worth, TX 76119.
(28 weeks - out 4/29/87)
Sr. Elizabeth Walters
Bay County Jail, 501 3rd St., Bay City, MI 48708.
(90 days - out 2/87)
(all four women; trespass at Wurtsmith AFB, multiple dates)

Leonard Peltier 89673-132
P.O. Box 1000, Leavenworth, KS 66048.
(Native American political prisoner)

Brent Taylor, Ann Hansen, Doug Stewart, Gerry Hannah and Julie Belman
c/o Free the Five Defense Group, P.O. Box 48296, Bentall Station, Vancouver, B.C. V7X 1A1 CANADA.
("Vancouver Five" anti-nuke, feminist, radical environmental political bombings in Canada, 1982 - varying sentences, six years to life)
[For the record, we reject violent resistance, but offer by this listing critical support to individuals now imprisoned for anti-nuclear (and other political) resistance--eds.]

Kurt Miron 05768-040
FPC, PMB-821, P.O. Box 1000, Duluth, MN 55814.
(Project ELF trespass, 5/86 - six months - out 3/87)

Jeff Leys
P.O. Box 128, Winnebago, WI 54985.
(Project E.L.F. disarmament, 8/85 - probation revoked, out 8/87)

Darla Bradley 03790-045
MB 99, 3150 Horton Rd., Ft. Worth, TX 76119.
Jean Gump 03789-045
Cottage 11, P.O. Box A, Alderson, WV 24910.
Ken Rippetoe 03787-045
FPC, P.O. Box 1085, Oxford, WI 53952.
Larry Morlan 03788-045 (in transit to Marion)
John Volpe 03792-045
FPC, P.O. Box 1000, Marion, IL 62959.
(Missouri missile silo disarmament, 3/86 - 8 years except John Volpe, 7 years)

Helen Woodson 03231-045 (12 years)
c/o Hastings & Dixon, P.O. Box 1024, Hayward, CA 94543.
Fr. Carl Kabat 03230-045 (18 years)
FCI, P.O. Box 1000, Milan, MI 48160.
Fr. Paul Kabat 03229-045 (10 years)
FCI, P.O. Box 1000, Sandstone, MN 55072.
Larry Cloud Morgan 03232-045 (8 years)
FCI, P.O. Box 33, Terre Haute, IN 47807.
(Jackhammer disarmament of Missouri missile silo, 11/84)

Felton Davis
Morris County Jail, 23 Court St., Morristown, NJ 07960.
(Shut Down TNI graffiti, 10/86 - one year)

Rich Miller 15249-077
c/o Kindred Community, 1337 6th Ave., Des Moines, IA 50314.
(Nuclear train track dismantling, 7/85 - four years)

Vince Eirene 11385-077
Danbury FCI, Pembroke Station, Danbury, CT 06810.
(Pantex prayer witness, 3/86 - one year - out 1/87)

Sheila Parks, Suzanne Schmidt
ACT Women's Division, Cranston, RI 02920.
(Trident submarine disarmament action, Rhode Island, 4/85 - one year - out 1/87)

RECENTLY OUT:
Gary Miron, John Fox, Jan Shireman, Mary Palmer, Jon Seward, Erny Davies, Ladon Sheats, Kathy Jennings.

ACTIONS IN NEVADA AND D.C. DEMAND NO MORE NUCLEAR TESTS

On November 17, the American Peace Test took its civil disobedience campaign against nuclear weapons tests back to the Nevada test site and also to the Department of Energy in Washington, D.C.

As the federal agency initially created to address energy conservation and alternative energy production, the Department of Energy (DOE) now spends about three-fourths of its budget on the testing of nuclear weapons. The action in Washington was coordinated with the help of the national Freeze campaign, SANE, the Jewish Peace Fellowship and included substantial participation from the Great Peace March for Nuclear Disarmament, which had arrived in Washington two days earlier.

Beginning early in the morning, several waves of demonstrators blocked all entrances to DOE headquarters. Employees were kept from their desks for up to three hours, and while they waited outside, many expressed support for the action and a cessation of nuclear testing. A total of 137 arrests were made, with all those arrested being released the same day. Charges were later dismissed.

In Nevada, the protest began as Shoshone Indian leaders claimed their treaty rights to the test site and granted permission to those assembled to enter the land for peaceful purposes. The Shoshone leaders then walked across the desert onto the test site, where they were arrested for trespass. Most participants then blocked the entrance to the test site, delaying busloads of workers arriving from Las Vegas. For the previous week, test site employees had been leafletted at pick-up points in the city, so they would understand that the protest was not aimed at them personally. A few people also simply crossed the white line and were arrested. A total of 70 arrests were made that morning, and most of those arrested will join a group trial already set in January for members of the American Public Health Association arrested last September at the site.

For more information, contact the American Peace Test; P.O. Box 26725; Las Vegas, NV 89126 (702)363-7780.

TONOPAH

*This is not a proper place for us.
This place is of the hardest steel and
we are not.
We are of soft flesh, not compatible
with this place.*

*This is a place of endless, echoing noise,
And we are quiet people.
This is a place of loud locks and clumsy
keys,
And we are people of freedom..*

*But we are here in this stone-cold steel
place,
This hard echo chamber,
Because we know what metal has done to
flesh.
We know what men and metal did at Dresden,
Hiroshima, Saigon.*

*This box of desert-rooted metal is not
as deadly
As the moving metal that was Enola Gay.
We within it will not die.
But this place means to kill our spirit,
To kill our resolve to come again.*

*Still, this place must know that we,
Others it has held before and those who
will come tomorrow,
Will melt its hardness with brother and
sisterhood,
Hush its din with prayer and loose its
locks with love.*

Ken Seaman
February 1986

[The Tonopah, Nevada, jail is where many test site resisters serve their sentences.]

Test Site Updates

BACKCOUNTRY ACTIVISTS ACQUITTED

In a trial December 4, back-country activists Jon Seward and Mike Geare were acquitted by Nye County Judge Bill Sullivan, who agreed with the defense attorney that the test site was not adequately posted nor had the defendants been given the opportunity to leave once confronted by security. This ruling is expected to have an effect on future back-country trials and actions. The next back-country action is scheduled to disrupt the test code-named "Boodie", set for December 12. Seward had been jailed since his arrest on October 15 for refusing to post \$500 bond.

A verdict was finally handed down in the representative trial of people arrested last June 2 at the test site. Judge Sullivan took testimony on a de-

fense of international law, but made no reference to the testimony in his guilty verdict. An appeal is underway.

Finally, Nevada Desert Experience staff member Duncan MacMurdy, who has been organizing religious witnesses and resistance at the test site for many years, has received by mail a subpoena to appear in Nye County Court on December 29, and answer to charges of misdemeanor conspiracy to commit trespass. The charge is unique to test site organizing, and not considered too significant. A motion to dismiss has been filed because the wording of the subpoena implies that the crime was committed in the township of Beatty, while MacMurdy's work has been in Las Vegas.

STOP PRESS STOP PRESS STOP PRESS
Only a few hours before we take this issue to the printer, news reports are confirming that four people are in the backcountry of the Nevada test site in an attempt to delay the nuclear weapons test code-named "Boodie".

WRITINGS FROM JAIL

THE INSIDE LINE



from Alderson ~

October 13, 1986

Judge Elmo Hunter
Eighth District
Court House
Kansas City, Missouri

Dear Judge Hunter,

I am writing to let you know that I will not be a part of the appeal for the Silo Plowshares. The appellate judges, like you, have sworn to uphold any and all laws that will protect the government's diabolical instruments of death and destruction. Nothing or no one can interfere with the policies established by the military/industrial complex and therefore an appeal would be as useless as the trial itself was in affecting a change or reflecting a justice system where the innocent children of the world would be protected.

The avarice of the state is clear. The profits from the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction has permeated our whole society. Our college students are lured by the government with attractive salaries to participate in and contribute to the violence of the state by devising more lethal means of killing larger numbers of people. In our society killing is in the nature of things.

We as "subjects" of the state must never question. We who do question pose a threat to the largest and most powerful empire in History.

We were created by a loving God to know, love and serve Him. He sent His son to show us the way. Jesus did not come to judge us but to love and forgive us. If we profess to be followers of Christ, we must do likewise ourselves.

People were astounded by the severity of the sentence, and I suspect you may have heard from some of them. There were no surprises for me or my husband at that trial. If you had given the jury proper instructions there would have been an acquittal. There has never been an acquittal at a Plowshare trial nor do I expect there ever will be. Any man or woman who chooses to judge his/her fellow humans is living a life contrary to God's law. Your entire professional career has been spent serving Caesar and scripture says we cannot serve two masters.

How many of God's children are rotting in prisons where you have sent them? I feel sorry for you, but because I personally was able to reassess my life--it was not formerly Christ centered--I know

that anyone can, and you can too. Look at St. Paul. In his righteousness, he persecuted all of Christ's followers and then was given the grace to change. Those who admired his zeal and expertise became his enemies and so it would be with you if you were to embrace the truth. Even your family would likely turn on you, although that does not necessarily follow. Mine didn't. If you have established a loving relationship with your wife and children, trust God that He will give them the insight to recognize the Truth if you should decide to live it.

Be assured that my witness will continue here in prison. So many sad and unfortunate lives have touched mine since I arrived here. These, for the most part, are women whom society says are worthless. Many have grown up in violent homes where abusive parents, because of their own deprivation, have not shown the love and nurturing so necessary to establish a sense of selfworth in their children. God is with us here, and as much as the institution tries to demean and punish our bodies, it will not affect our souls.

I will continue to pray for your conversion and the indescribable liberation you will enjoy once the Spirit touches your life.

Peace and joy,
Jean Gump

[Jean Gump is serving eight years in prison for the Good Friday, 1985, disarmament action at missile silo M-10 in Missouri.]

GRIFFISS PROTESTERS JAILED

Six people were sentenced in Syracuse, New York on November 19 for having trespassed at Griffiss Air Force Base last August 6. First-timers Joy Hockett-Miller and Margaret Thompson were fined \$50 and barred from future entry at the base. Both are refusing to pay the fine.

Repeat resisters John Mahoney, Jerry Berrigan and Kathleen Rumpf were each sentenced to 30 days in jail, and Fr. Bill Cuddy to 20 days in jail.

The judge ordered sentence to be imposed immediately, which posed a hardship for two of the defendants. Rumpf and Mahoney began serving their terms immediately, and will be released December 19. Cuddy went to jail November 26 and will be released December 16. Berrigan began serving December 1, and will be released at year's end.

Griffiss Air Force Base is a Strategic Air Command bomber and cruise missile base.



Letters of support can be written to John Mahoney, Kathleen Rumpf, Jerry Berrigan and Fr. Bill Cuddy c/o 106 Maywood Dr., Syracuse, NY 13205.

INTERNATIONAL NOTES, CONT.

continued from page 1

vist Bill Boston, now deployed as a peaceworker near the base, is seeking Americans in Europe to join he and other Americans in maintaining a sustained, monthly presence at the base. Six Americans were recently arrested during a blockade there, and an alternative Thanksgiving witness at the base began the process of dialogue with the U.S. military personnel stationed there.

October demonstrations at Mutlangen occurred in response to a 300 vehicle Pershing launch convoy that left the base in conjunction with the October 30 cruise missile convoy out of Greenham Common Air Force Base in England.

Since the 1983 deployment of the new Euromissiles, each and every cruise convoy leaving Greenham (almost 30) has been monitored and tracked by the British peace movement. An organization called CruiseWatch has grown up across the country, and with each convoy the numbers coming out along the route and at other U.S. bases to protest the missiles have increased. Likewise, the level of nonviolent obstruction of the convoys has also increased.

In July, demonstrations were quickly organized at 148 of the 160 U.S. military outposts in Britain in response to a cruise convoy. The national press tended to ignore this most widespread day of protest yet organized in Britain, but since then they have not been able to ignore the increasingly disruptive CruiseWatch demonstrations.

The convoy departing Greenham on October 30 was stopped three times by Greenham women and the CruiseWatch network, and the vehicles splattered with paint. Seven more people were arrested in the woods of the Salisbury Plain as they searched for the hidden convoy. On its return, the convoy was ambushed at Parkhouse. After the leading police escort passed a hidden driveway, a car and trailer were driven across the road, causing the convoy to be stopped for well over an hour. During that time, one woman chained herself in front of a launcher and the hydraulic brake lines on three of the four launchers were cut. National radio reported on the action, which also made international headlines. In all, over 1000 people vigiled on short notice along the route.

Another convoy left Greenham November 18, this time with a very heavy police escort. Some vehicles were even covered with plastic to protect them from peace paint. On its return from maneuvers November 25, the convoy was preceded by police sweeps of the area near the route, searching for protesters. Fifty people lying in the road at one roundabout caused the convoy to stop long enough for another brake hose to be cut and the vehicles painted with slogans and peace signs. Five arrests were made in conjunction with this convoy.

Military officials claim that each convoy is only on a practice run, and the launchers are not equipped with their missiles. In an actual deployment, U.S. soldiers who command the convoy and their British escorts have been given orders to shoot to kill. One woman put it differently when she observed, "They are practicing to blow up the world; we are only practicing to save it".

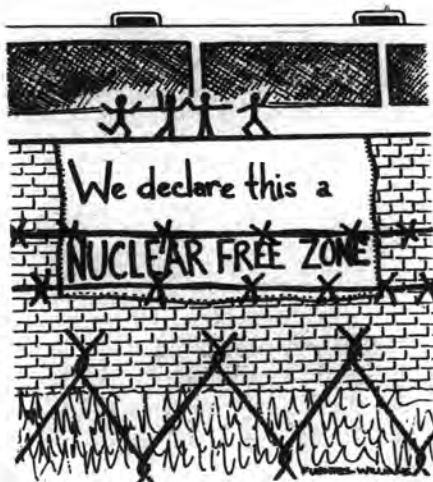
Rooftop Dancers Convicted

Trial was finally held November 25 in federal court in Tucson for two women charged with re-entry trespass at Davis Monthan Air Force Base. Sally Manshardt and Meg Fox were among four women who in May, 1985, climbed atop the cruise missile training building at the base, unfurled a banner and began dancing to the tune "Girls Just Want to Have Fun".

The trial had been delayed after Federal Judge Bilby had agreed to accept the women's defense of International Law and necessity. The prospect of discussing the real issues in federal court for the first time sent shivers through the government all the way to Washington, where a Justice Department lawyer penned a petition for a Writ of Mandamus to the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. The rare petition was granted, forcing Bilby to not accept the defense he was willing to hear.

The prosecution proceeded quickly with its case, and in her turn on the stand, Meg Fox made a brief statement about her motivations for acting. The prosecutor then asked if she was present at Davis Monthan on May 3, 1985. Fox replied that she had already answered the question to the best of her ability in her brief statement. The judge pressed her for a yes or no answer, but Fox stood firm. Eventually, she was excused from the stand and all her testimony stricken from the record. Manshardt also refused to answer the prosecutor's questions.

Judge Bilby found the two women guilty, and in an effort to show his sympathy for the women's cause, sen-



tenced them to 100 hours community service each, to be used organizing a public forum that would present the testimony he had been willing to hear but was ordered not to. He told the women that if they were serious about their protest, they would accept the sentence: "It's put up or shut up time," he told them.

Manshardt and Fox both rejected the sentence, claiming that such public forums presenting the case against cruise missiles and nuclear weapons had already been held in Tucson, and that it was not the court's prerogative to compel them to express their beliefs in a manner of its own choosing.

For more information, contact the Friday Morning Breakfast Club, c/o (602) 623-9687.

Year of Resistance at Riverside

A Year of Resistance continues at Riverside Research Institute in New York City. Different community organizations are invited to take responsibility for one of the weekly vigils at the major nuclear weapons research center located in Manhattan's pornography district.

On October 23, six members of the POTS (Part of the Solution) soup kitchen community were arrested.

On October 27, Baltimore's Jonah House resistance community organized a protest where a large amount of blood was poured on Riverside's entrances and

lobby, and at least ten people, including a mother and daughter, were cited for trespass and released.

The next arrests occurred on November 26, a Thanksgiving Eve action organized by New York's Kairos Community, initiators of the Riverside vigil. Twelve people were arrested.

For more information, and to get your place on this year's calendar, contact Kairos Community, Room 207, 225 Lafayette St., New York, NY 10012; (212) 226-4151.

Bangor Leafletters Step Inside the Line

The main traffic entrance to the Bangor, Washington Trident submarine base is marked first with a blue line and then farther in by a fence. During the World Day of Peace (October 27) protest and Nuremberg action the Navy for the first time allowed leafletting from the area between the blue line and the fence. The following Monday, during the regular vigil, leafletters were again not arrested as they moved beyond the

line. Several people were later cited for trespass when they moved beyond the fence to leaflet.

Since that time, the formerly sacrosanct area between line and fence has remained open to leafletters, and the federal government has still not prosecuted any of several people who have been arrested for re-entry at the gate.

The attitude of authorities at Bangor regarding the First Amendment is in marked contrast to that of officials at Wurtsmith Air Force Base in Michigan. Four women there are presently in jail for trespass, after repeated arrests for leafletting in an area local police agree is open to public access.

For more information, contact Ground Zero, 16159 Clear Creek Rd. NW, Poulsbo, WA 98370.

Sentence: Finish Your Thesis!

[Thanks to Dan Ethier for the following account.]

On November 19, Dan Ethier went to trial for his October 1 action at GTE Strategic Systems Division in Westborough, Massachusetts.

Judge Stanley Joblanski asked GTE chief of security Michael Augustine what GTE does at this plant, "Do they make telephones there?" Mr. Augustine replied, "No, we're mainly in the military business..."

Mr. Ethier testified that he walked in the front door with a small placard, handed out leaflets, and talked with some workers about the MX missile and the victims of the arms race. Judge Joblanski asked Mr. Ethier some personal questions about where he lived, worked and went to school. He also asked several questions about the thesis which Mr. Ethier is writing for his degree in religious studies.

The prosecutor asked for a guilty finding and 14 days in jail: "He won't pay fines, he won't accept probation, I'm at a loss as to what else to suggest." The probation officer opposed any community service, saying, "These actions must stop, and community service won't do that".

Judge Joblanski asked Mr. Ethier when he planned to finish his master's thesis. "I told my advisor I'd finish by May." The judge then continued the case until May 1, to be dismissed if the thesis is turned in to the court by that date. "I just want to help you finish your thesis," Judge Joblanski answered.

For more information, contact Peace Witness at GTE; 21 Jaques Ave.; Worcester, MA 01610.

Irate Judge Wants Protesters To Pay For Her Time

On December 9, an irate Colorado judge sentenced six people to serve five days in jail, and took under advisement a prosecutor's recommendation that the six also be required to pay for the cost of their apprehension and prosecution.

Last May 2, Bob Brown, Sr. Mary Ann Cunningham, Julie Duffy, Patrick Buckley, Sr. Cecily Jones and Shirley Whiteside tied a banner reading "Stop Military Madness" across the corporate sign at the entrance to Martin Marietta's plant southwest of Denver. Martin Marietta is prime contractor for the MX missile. The six acted the day after three friends had been sent to jail for the Martin MX Plowshares action at the plant.

After hearing the prosecutor's suggestion that the six pay for their own prosecution, the judge said that she thought they should also pay for her time hearing the case. Initially, Judge Linda Palmeri sentenced the two nuns to 100 hours community service, while sending the others to jail. When the nuns announced that they should receive no special treatment and would not do community service, they were jailed as well.

The six are serving their time in the Jefferson County Jail, and will be released December 14.

For more information, contact the Denver Catholic Worker; 2420 Welton St., Denver, CO 80205.

Update Files

GWEN TOWER, WISCONSIN: Fourteen women were convicted November 10 of trespass by a judge in Wisconsin. On July 12, 1986, the women had entered the site of an Air Force GWEN (Ground Wave Emergency Network) tower and established a peace camp. After the judge refused to allow a necessity defense or reference to international law or the Nuremberg principles, the women stood mute for the remainder of the proceedings. A group statement explained their decision to stand mute in court. In part, it read "We believe that it is only by massive and persistent direct action that we can stop this madness. As Women of Peace we did this action and continue this work because we love life. We believe that conflicts can be resolved creatively and nonviolently. We, the life-givers of the planet, believe that we must live harmoniously with other humans and with all plant and animal life. We believe we must use the resources of this world with respect. This fragile and beautiful planet must be handled with gentleness--we must begin to re-weave the web of life!..." A \$75 fine and court costs for each woman was ordered deducted from the \$100 bond posted for each....



DIABLO CANYON: A five-year-old lawsuit filed against the Abalone Alliance because of their September, 1981 blockade at this coastal California nuclear power plant has been settled. The suit, filed by the county of San Luis Obispo and the conservative Pacific Legal Foundation, sought to recover from the Alliance the county's costs in prosecuting over 900 people. In the end, however, the county agreed to pay \$150,000 to Abalone Alliance attorneys for their costs in defending against the suit, in exchange for an agreement that the Alliance will not counter-sue the county. The suit was considered a dangerous attack on First Amendment rights...

DOE/PHOENIX: At their arraignment on October 31, Annie McMahan and octogenarian Frances Layer entered pleas of no contest to charges of trespass. Along with Jim Driscoll, Deanna Kahn and Keith Shcolnik (son of Deanna), they were arrested August 6 while asking Department of Energy staffers in Phoenix to honor the day by not conducting any business concerning nuclear weapons production and testing. The latter three pleaded not guilty, and expect a trial before Municipal Court Judge Pike Johnson in January. They will present a defense of necessity...

REAGAN IN BALTIMORE: Of seven people arrested while police assaulted protesters during the President's visit to Baltimore in October, three have had failure to disperse charges dismissed, and one person awaits trial December 11. The other three people were convicted by a local judge. The judge told defendants that the situation was not the time nor place to practice first amendment rights, and convicted one man even though testimony showed he had not been told by police to move. "Guilty anyway. You should've known to move" was the judge's reported comment. Fines were imposed but have not been paid...

VERMONT YANKEE: All charges have been dismissed against 37 people arrested September 27 during a blockade of the Vermont Yankee nuclear power plant in Vernon, Vermont...

SHADOW PROJECT: Ukiah, California shadow painters, rounded up in an early morning police sweep with the legal gusto usually reserved for the locale's marijuana farmers, have had vandalism charges dismissed. Charges of advertising on a sidewalk without a permit remain. At two trials set for early January, the defense will insist that the prosecution define just what was being advertised by the painted silhouettes...

HANFORD: Remarking that the disorderly conduct statute was "unconstitutionally vague", a Washington state judge dismissed the cases brought against 19 people last August 6. The group had participated in a blockade of workers driving into the huge plutonium production facility and nuclear waste dump. A similar case from the previous year was dismissed when the trial judge agreed to hear testimony regarding the imminent danger posed by Hanford, and the prosecution then refused to continue. This year, the judge informed the group they'd have to break a constitutional law to get the courtroom forum they seek...

SILLO PLOWSHARES: As Jean Gump's letter to Judge Hunter (page 4) notes, she has withdrawn from the appeal of the Sillo Plowshares. The government has also moved all three men in the group to different prisons closer to home (addresses, page 3). Videotape of the part played by Jean Gump, Ken Rippe-toe and Larry Morlan during the action was recently seen on the "60 Minutes" television program. The November 16 segment entitled "The Berrigans" gave prime time audiences a first hand look at the Plowshares direct action movement. A videocassette of the segment is available from the Jonah House video and film library; 1933 Park Ave.; Baltimore, MD 21217...

PROJECT ELF: John Fox and Gary Miron were to be released from jail December 11, after serving three months. Along with Kurt Miron, they had climbed over the fence surrounding the Michigan Project ELF transmitter. Project ELF is a first-strike communications system to signal deep-cruising Trident submarines. Kurt Miron was sentenced to serve six months, and expects to be released from the federal prison in Duluth, Minnesota next March. See page three for his address...

NO BUSINESS AS USUAL: Charges have yet to be filed against 49 people arrested during the Lockdown Lockheed action last October 20. Arraignment dates are set throughout January 1987. Lockheed Corporation in Sunnyvale has been the target of west coast No Business as Usual activists for its role in star wars research. Twelve people arrested there last April 21 go to trial January 27...

APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORY: Six people were convicted of trespass in Baltimore in November. They had been arrested holding banners from a second-story roof at John Hopkins University, where the APL researches star wars and cruise guidance technologies. All were permitted to testify fully in court, and were given suspended sentences...

HONEYWELL: Minneapolis courts have been so consumed with trials of activists arrested at Honeywell and in opposition to U.S. policy in Central America that charges were recently dismissed for most of 98 people arrested October 2 at the nuclear and conventional arms contractor. In other recent cases from previous actions at Honeywell, some charges have been dismissed, some continued to future court dates, and Honeywell Project staffer Marv Davidov was convicted again and sentenced to one-day community service...

QUONSET POINT: Terry Allen, arrested during a 1985 Holy Innocents (December 28) witness at this Rhode Island shipyard where Trident missile launch tubes are made, has had her charges nollied...

If you are in need of more information or a contact address regarding the actions updated on these pages, please write to us and we will provide what we can.

FUTURE ACTIONS

Livermore

Choose Life: A Spiritual Witness and Outreach takes place beginning December 10 through January 1, 1987, at Livermore nuclear weapons laboratory in California. For the fifth year, groups are invited to come to the lab with their own message and manner of speaking to the employees and government officials. The common theme is "Choose Life". To coordinate your action with others, contact the Franciscan Affinity Group; 1445 Dwight Way; Berkeley, CA 94703; (415)848-6786.

Riverside

The Kairos Community invites individuals and groups to join in their "Year of Resistance" at Riverside Research Institute in mid-town Manhattan. Take responsibility for an act of civil disobedience sometime this next year. On December 22, a group of Yale students, faculty and alumni will be gathering for resistance there. For more information, contact Kairos Community; Room 207; 225 Lafayette St.; New York, NY 10012; (212)216-4151.

Grand Forks AFB

Bemidji (Minnesota) Friends for a Nonviolent World will sponsor a legal vigil and civil disobedience at the gates of Grand Forks Air Force Base, North Dakota, on Monday, January 19, Martin Luther King Jr., Day. This will be the fourth annual observance of King's birthday at the SAC missile and bomber base. For more information, contact Bemidji Friends for a Nonviolent World; Box 462; Bemidji, MN 56602; (218)751-0225.

Nevada Test Site

The American Peace Test is sponsoring two days of protest and resistance at the Nevada Test Site January 26-27, to coincide with the anniversary of the first nuclear test at the site. For more information, contact the American Peace Test; Box 26725; Las Vegas, NV 89126; (702)363-7780.

Honeywell

The Honeywell Project will again sponsor a rally and civil disobedience to coincide with the 1987 Honeywell Corporation shareholders meeting next April 30 in Minneapolis. For more information, contact the Honeywell Project; 1519 E. Franklin Ave.; Minneapolis, MN 55404; (612)871-3753.

Rock Island Arsenal

A "Die-in" is being planned for the Rock Island Arsenal during next May's Armed Forces Day Open House at the manufacturing arsenal and weapons command post. Participants will mark a pre-arranged hour with individual and group "reality plays", dropping to the ground or engaging in other creative acts to depict the least often acknowledged aspect of war, death. For more information, contact Chuck Trapkus and Paul Fessler, c/o Rock Island Catholic Worker Community; 901 20th St.; Rock Island, IL 61201; (301)786-1737.

FEAST OF THE HOLY INNOCENTS

Christian resisters and other supportive activists will gather in many locations around the country this December 28, the Feast Day of the Holy Innocents. The demonstrations remember the slaughter of innocent children by King Herod. His sacrifice of thousands in vain attempt to stop a single threat to national security provides a lesson for our times, and the occasion for action to protect the innocent billions held hostage for "national security" today.

SAC/OMAHA

This year participants will retreat together beginning December 26. The demonstration at Strategic Air Command headquarters begins at 10:00 a.m. on December 28, and will include civil disobedience. For more information, contact Midwest Resistance Network; 3014 Seward St.; Omaha, NE 68111; (402)422-0592.

Washington, D.C.

The annual Atlantic Life Community gathering for resistance at the Pentagon will begin Sunday evening, December 28, at St. Stephen and the Incarnation Church, 16th & Newton Streets, NW; Washington, D.C. Sleeping bag space is available at the church, where the group will gather for 3½ days of prayer, reflection and discernment of practical ways to live and resist more humanely. Two resistance outings to the Pentagon are planned, for Monday and Wednesday mornings, the 29th and 31st. For more information, contact Jonah House; 1933 Park Ave.; Baltimore, MD 21217; (301)669-6265.

King's Bay

For the fifth year, southern activists will gather in St. Mary's, Georgia, December 26-28, to mark the Feast of the Holy Innocents and continue building the campaign opposing the King's Bay submarine base, future home of the Trident submarine. Activities this year will include canvassing and listening to the people of St. Mary's, civil disobedience and a march from King's Bay to Cape Canaveral to participate in the demonstration against Trident missile tests on January 17.

For more information, and to register, contact Judy and Jack Cumbee; 517 Moore's Mill; Auburn, AL 36830.

Lenten Desert Experience

The sixth annual Lenten retreat, vigil and resistance gathering at the Nevada nuclear test site will be sponsored by the Franciscan Friars of California through the Nevada Desert Experience organization. Daily vigils will be held at the test site and in Las Vegas. This year NDE is encouraging support vigils in communities across the country each Friday during the Lenten season. For more information, contact the Nevada Desert Experience; Box 4487; Las Vegas, NV 89127; (702)646-4814.

TRIDENT TEST

Why will thousands of peace & justice activists travel to Cape Canaveral, Florida, January 17?



CANCEL THE COUNTDOWN

- (a) to go to the beach
- (b) to protest and cancel the first test of the Trident II missile
- (c) to stop Star Wars development
- (d) to end nuclear warhead and flight testing as the first steps toward total abolition
- (e) all of the above

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National Demonstration and Nonviolent Actions

Cape Canaveral, Florida
January 17, 1987
(Martin Luther King Weekend)

Mobilization FOR SURVIVAL

853 Broadway, #418, NY, NY 10003 212-533-0008

g.e. space center

In conjunction with the Florida demonstration, a January 17 legal presence and nonviolent occupation of the General Electric Space Division headquarters in Valley Forge, Pennsylvania will be sponsored by Brandywine Peace Community; P.O. Box 81; Swarthmore, PA 19081.

project e.l.f.

Northwoods activists are also considering civil disobedience at the ELF transmitter sites in Wisconsin and/or Michigan on January 17, to emphasize its role as the vital communications link for a Trident first strike. For more information, contact Citizens for Alternatives to Trident and ELF; P.O. Box 1024; Hayward, WI 54843.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS

... "Carry It On", the 1987 Peace Calendar of the Syracuse Cultural Workers is a beautiful full-sized wall calendar featuring twelve full-color reproductions of murals, paintings and collages on peace and social justice themes. Lots of room to write in important actions, trial dates and meetings, plus a special categorized resource section with references to over 300 organizations and publications of interest to the activist and organizer. \$7.75 postpaid from Syracuse Cultural Workers; Box 6367; Syracuse, NY 13217; (315) 474-1132. Bulk rates available, please inquire.

...Griffiss Plowshares resister Vern Rossman is seeking incidents/anecdotes from resistance actions, or relating to arrests, trials or incarceration which are humorous or full of irony, "revealing the 'Alice in Wonderland' character of our idolatrous reliance on nuclear weapons". A book he is working on attempts to present the resister's point of view in the context of humor and irony in the hope that perhaps it can be published and read by more people than will read more serious works or prison diaries. If you can help with any stories from your own experience, please contact Vern Rossman; 75 Mt Ida Road #1; Dorchester, MA 02122; (617) 436-4563.

...The latest edition (November, 1986) of the Plowshares Disarmament Actions pamphlet introduces the Plowshares movement and provides brief accounts of the 18 related actions to date. Also included among the 16 pages are prisoner and support group addresses. Available for a suggested 25¢ donation, plus postage. From Isaiah Peace Ministry; 66 Edgewood Ave.; New Haven, CT 06511.

...December 1 is Prisoners for Peace Day, declared by the War Resisters' International. In 1986, their 30th annual roll call of Prisoners for Peace gives names and addresses for over 80 prisoners in 20 countries, both conscientious objectors and nonviolent activists against militarism. The list is available annually from War Resisters' International; 55 Dawes St.; London SE17-1EL; Britain.

...RECON specializes in exposing Pentagon activities around the world, uncovering hidden military activities, and clarifying the significance of shady military events. Two of "The Ten Best Censored Stories of 1985" were from RECON. Get your free sample copy today from RECON, P.O. Box H-14602, Philadelphia, PA 19134.

...Peacework, the newsletter of the New England Regional Office of the American Friends Service Committee, has just prepared a special issue entitled "Movement Building: Challenge and Opportunity." This collection of nine articles on aspects of cooperation, reconciliation and strategic thinking is recommended reading for all groups seeking to sustain their activism and build coalitions with other progressive constituencies. A good discussion resource for study groups, classes, etc. \$1 each, bulk discount available from Peacework; 2161 Massachusetts Ave.; Cambridge, MA 02140.

Prisoner Wanting Letters

Edgar Johnson 167-811
P.O. Box 69
London, Ohio 43140-0069

The reviews are in
and it's a hit!



Films for Peace and Justice

is the subject of the 1987 War Resisters' League. It features descriptions and facts about more than 150 feature films, documentaries, Hollywood, independent, and foreign films. Illustrated with stunning photographs from 54 of the films, this attractive desk calendar also lists 112 distributors where you can find every one of the films mentioned. It's great for organizing film showings!

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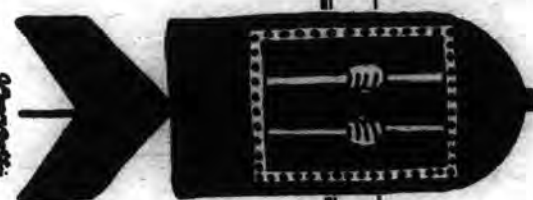
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Since 1980 we've arrived to provide comprehensive reporting on anti-nuclear civil disobedience in the United States, with an emphasis on providing support for women and men jailed for these actions.



the Nuclear Resister

"A Chronicle of Hope"

No. 43

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The Nuclear Resister is published about every six weeks to help support jailed and imprisoned anti-nuclear activists. Since 1980, the Nuclear Resister has strived to provide a comprehensive chronicle of anti-nuclear civil disobedience in the United States and Canada. The Nuclear Resister networks this nonviolent resistance movement and is recognized as a clearinghouse for information related to contemporary nonviolent resistance to the nuclear threat. We believe that in any significant movement for social change, many committed individuals are imprisoned. Behind bars, they are physically isolated from their supporters and their own resistance activity is limited. Broader awareness of and support for the imprisoned activist is essential to the success of the movement for a nuclear-free future. With each issue we provide the most complete listing available of currently imprisoned North American anti-nuclear activists. Readers are encouraged to provide active support by writing letters to those behind bars and in other ways requested by the prisoners. Additionally, the Nuclear Resister seeks to educate anti-nuclear activists about prison issues and the daily destruction of lives in the prisons of this country. Our information comes from a variety of sources - local activists, the resisters themselves, and other movement publications. We are deeply indebted to all who send us information. We are supported solely by subscriptions and the generosity of our readers. Please subscribe if you have not already, and encourage others to do so. Additional contributions are always welcome and greatly appreciated. Jack and Felice Cohen-Joppa, editors
Published by the National No-Nukes Prison Support Collective

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